Name:

Per:\_\_\_

## **Reaction Types**

II. Purpose: To observe chemical reactions and identify the reactants, products and the reaction types.

### III. Procedure:

<u>Part 1</u>

- 1. Use a piece of fine sandpaper to strip a 2 cm piece of copper wire.
- 2. Using crucible tongs, hold the copper in the hottest part of a burner flame for 90 seconds.
- 3. Return sand paper; put wire in trash.

# <u>Part 2</u>

- 1. Collect a 5 cm piece of magnesium ribbon.
- 2. Using tongs, hold the ribbon in the burner flame until a reaction begins.
- 3. Once started, hold the burning ribbon over the countertop and allow the reaction to continue to completion, then throw product in trash.

# Part 3

- 1. Place approximately 1.0 cm of copper II carbonate in a medium dry test tube.
- 2. Using a test tube clamp, heat the compound strongly for about 3 minutes. Have a stirring rod ready to "poke" the powder if it begins to climb the test tube.
- 3. Remove the tube from the flame.
- 4. Test for the presence of CO<sub>2</sub> by inserting a burning wood splint into the test tube.
- 5. Run splint under water. Then, put all components in trash.

#### <u>Part 4</u>

- 1. Stand a medium clean test tube in the test tube rack.
- 2. Add 2 cm of 6M HCl to the test tube.
- 3. Carefully slide 4 small pieces of Zn into acid.
- 4. Invert another larger test tube over the reaction test tube.
- 5. Collect any gas produced for 30 seconds.
- 6. Test the product for the presence of hydrogen gas by inserting a burning splint into the upper collection test tube (not the reaction test tube).
- 7. Pour solution and Zn in waste bucket in the fume hood. Put the wet splint in trash.

## <u>Part 5</u>

1. Add 2 cm of 1M copper II sulfate to a medium clean test tube.

- 2. Carefully slide a small piece of Zn into the solution.
- 3. Place the test tube in rack and allow the reaction to continue for the remainder of lab.
- 4. After Part 6, return to this test tube and record your observations.
- 4. Pour solution and Zn in waster bucket.

#### <u>Part 6</u>

- 1. Add 1 cm of 0.1M zinc acetate to a small clean test tube.
- 2. Add 1 cm of 0.1M sodium phosphate to another small test tube.
- 3. Pour the solutions together in one of the test tubes.
- 3. Pour the mixture in waste bucket.

#### IV. Data

Procedure #	Before Reaction	After Reaction
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		

V. Calculations

Identify the type of reaction and write the balanced equation for each procedure. **Include the subscripts indicating the phase of each reactant and product**.

<u>Part 1 Reaction Type =</u>

<u>Part 2 Reaction Type =</u>

<u>Part 3 Reaction Type =</u>

<u>Part 4 Reaction Type =</u>

<u>Part 5 Reaction Type =</u>

Part 6 Reaction Type =

#### VI. Conclusions

1. Describe the tests used to check for the presence of:

CO2 H2 Z. Which of the five reaction types are always endothermic? Which are always exothermic?

3. During this lab, we also carried out a combustion reaction. When did you do this? Write the balanced equation for this reaction. (Hint: the answer to this question is not immediately obvious)